

Author Guidelines and Submission Instructions

General Information

Methodist Review, a peer-reviewed scholarly electronic journal, is sponsored by the Candler School of Theology, Emory University; the Perkins School of Theology, Southern Methodist University; the Association of United Methodist Theological Schools; and the General Board of Higher Education and Ministry of The United Methodist Church. Intended specifically for and primarily focused on an academic audience that is global in scope, Methodist Review is open to scholarly works of article length in all areas and all eras of Wesleyan and Methodist studies broadly construed, including biblical, theological, ethical, philosophical, practical, historical, biographical, and social-scientific topics and methodologies.

Methodist Review has an open submission policy: authors are invited to submit the full text of articles on any appropriate subject to be considered for publication. The instructions for manuscript preparation and submission given here must be followed as closely as possible in all cases. The guidelines about matters of style and usage provided here represent the considered preferences of the journal editors. They should be understood as recommendations, not as absolute requirements, but authors are strongly encouraged to follow them carefully unless there is a compelling reason to do otherwise in particular cases.

General Submission Instructions

- (1) All articles submitted to *Methodist Review (MR)* are expected to conform to the following instructions. If a submission departs from these instructions in major ways, it will be returned to the author for correction before it is considered for publication.
- (2) Authors may submit only one article at a time for consideration by *MR*. An article being submitted to *MR* must not be submitted simultaneously to another journal. Articles that have been published or are to be published elsewhere in their entirety, whether in English or in another language, should not be submitted to *MR*. If any portion of an article has been previously published elsewhere, the author must specify the full extent and details of that previous publication and provide copyright clearance for its publication in *MR* (for these matters, see the *MR Copyright*, "Fair Use," and Permissions Guidelines.
- (3) The MS of each article must be submitted electronically as a Microsoft Word, WordPerfect, or RTF text file in what the author intends as its final form.
- (4) Each article should be accompanied by an abstract which is not to exceed 150 words.

- (5) Authors are requested to provide the following information with their submissions:
 - Author contact information—name, title/rank, institutional affiliation, preferred postal address, email address, phone and fax numbers.
 - The title (and subtitle, if any) of the article being submitted.
 - An abstract of the article which is not to exceed 150 words.
 - The actual text file(s) of the article (in Microsoft Word, WordPerfect, or RTF text file form), along with any related supplementary files.
 - If the article contains non-textual illustrations (photographs, charts, diagrams, etc.), consult with the *MR* Managing Editor about the appropriate forms of submission in advance.
- (6) Because all submissions to *MR* will be subject to blind peer review, neither the abstract nor the article (including the footnotes) should contain any information that would enable a reviewer to discern the identity of the author.
 - Authors should delete their names from the main text and all notes, with "Author" and year used in the references and footnotes, instead of the authors' name, article title, etc.
 - Authors should take the following steps to remove personal information from the submission file properties metadata:
 - Microsoft Word (MacOS)
 - **▶** Go to Tools
 - **▶** Click Protect Document
 - ▶ Select Remove personal information for this file on save
 - **▶** Click OK and save the file
 - Microsoft Word (Windows)
 - **▶** Go to File
 - **▶** Select Info
 - **▶** Click on Check for Issues
 - **▶** Click on Inspect Document
 - ▶ In the Document Inspector dialog box, select the check boxes to choose the type of hidden content that you want inspected.
 - **▶** Click Remove All
 - **▶** Click Close and save the file
 - WordPerfect (Windows):
 - **▶** Go to File
 - **▶** Select Save Without Metadata
 - **▶** Check the boxes for:
 - Comments
 - Hidden Text
 - Annotations
 - Document Summary Data
 - Save the file (will add " mtd" to file name)
 - If this requirement poses what seems to be an unreasonable burden on an author in a particular case, the author should advise the *MR* editorial office of the problem prior to submission.

The Electronic Submission Process

Methodist Review uses an electronic submission process, which is outlined below. User registration on the MR website http://www.methodistreview.org is required in order to make a submission to the journal. If you have not previously done so, you must register and create a user profile, including your preferred username, password, and other required information. Under More User Details you are encouraged to provide a brief biographical statement about yourself.

After completing the registration process, you will be given the option to make a new submission to the journal, to edit your profile, or to continue browsing the journal website. If you anticipate making a submission to the journal, please click on **Roles** and ensure that the box beside **Author** is checked. When you have finished editing your profile, be sure to click the **Save** box. Note that your personal data is stored in accordance with our privacy policy.

To make a submission to the journal, clock on the **New Submission** link in the sidebar or at a later time scroll to the bottom of the journal's home page and click on the **Make a Submission** link in the page footer. Doing either will let you begin the five-stage submission process. Simply follow the on-screen directions to complete the submission process.

Please contact the MR editorial office directly if you have questions or encounter a problem with any part of the electronic submission process. Contact information is found at the end of this document and on the MR website.

Preparation of the Electronic Manuscript

- (1) The MS should be designed to print on standard US letter size (8.5" x 11.0") or European A4 size (8.3" x 11.7") paper using Times Roman or a comparable standard 12-point serif font. Use 1-inch margins at the top, left, and right; the bottom margin may be ³/₄-inch to accommodate page numbering. Use ¹/₄-inch paragraph indents (tab settings). All lines of the main text should be double-spaced. Notes and indented block quotations should be single-spaced. There should be no use of other unusual spacing.
- (2) Do not use numerous font changes or other elaborate formatting techniques, as these introduce codes into your text files that will only complicate the editing and production process on our end. Your goal should be to produce a MS that is as simple and clean as possible; do not try to achieve a typeset "look and feel" in the MS.
- (3) The MS should be consecutively paged throughout, with the page number appearing in the bottom center of each page. The use of running headers with the brief title of the article is permissible if desired but not necessary; if used, the running headers should *not* include the author's name.
- (4) Keep all body text flush left. Do not justify body text so that the right margin is even (as in this document); allow the text to break naturally, even if this results in very ragged right margins in the Ms. The use of manual or "hard" hyphens should be avoided, unless the hyphen is part of the spelling of compound nouns (e.g., scholar-poet), compound

- adjectives (e.g., up-to-date study), or compound expressions (e.g., Luke-Acts). Use of the automatic hyphenation feature of a standard word processing program is acceptable.
- (5) All subheads should be flush left, not centered or indented, with an extra line of spacing above them. Use a consistent system to indicate the various levels of subheads in your MS, such as the following:

First-level Subheads: bold [or] Second-level Subheads: bold italic Third-level Subheads: italic (only)

FIRST-LEVEL SUBHEADS: SMALL CAPS Second-level Subheads: bold Third-level Subheads: bold italic Fourth-level Subheads: italic (only)

- (6) Words to appear in the final published article in italics (e.g., titles of books and periodicals, foreign words, etc.) or in small caps (e.g., BCE, CE, MS, MSS) should appear in that fashion in the MS.
- (7) Special material (e.g., photographs, lists, tables, charts, diagrams) may be submitted in supplementary electronic files that are separate from the main text file; however, the location of such material should be indicated clearly in the main text (e.g., "insert chart 1 here"). Photographs should be submitted in the form of uncompressed JPG or TIF files. Photographs, charts, diagrams, or tabular material of a complex nature may be submitted in camera-ready form instead of electronically, but only by prior arrangement with the *MR* editorial office.
- (8) Use only one space character between words and sentences. Never use a string of space characters to make textual elements align in the MS; use tabs instead. If your MS requires tables, use columns or tab settings to align the elements of the tables rather than manual spaces.
- (9) Do not use manual or "hard" returns at the end of lines of normal body text. Manual or "hard" returns should be used only at the end of full paragraphs of body text, and after MS elements such as subheads, block quotations, etc.
- (10) Quotations of five or more lines in any language should be reproduced in a separate indented paragraph (or paragraphs), without opening and closing quotation marks.
- (11) Respect for accuracy in verbatim quotations demands that the spelling, capitalization, punctuation, etc., of the original be reproduced exactly, even if they differ from the style otherwise preferred by *MR*. Should a quotation contain a factual or grammatical error, this may be indicated by [*sic*] or [?], at the author's discretion.

Footnotes

(1) Footnotes rather than endnotes should be used in all articles submitted to *MR*. The footnotes should be numbered sequentially throughout the Ms. Do not use complicated formatting, such as font changes, in the footnotes; use the same font for both the body text and the footnotes. The footnotes should be numbered consecutively throughout an article.

No period is to be placed after the number at the beginning of the text of the footnote itself.

- (2) Insofar as possible, footnote numbers should occur at the end of sentences of the body text. Multiple footnotes within one sentence should be avoided. For example, when several names occur in one sentence and a bibliographical reference is to be given for each, only one footnote should be used (not a separate footnote for each name). This footnote should be placed at the end of the sentence and should include the pertinent reference for each name.
- (3) A raised arabic numeral (without punctuation or parentheses) should follow the appropriate word in the text (and its punctuation, if any) to call attention to the footnote.
- (4) When a footnote comments on an issue and includes a bibliographical reference within a sentence, the bibliographic reference should be set entirely within parentheses, not commas, and if possible placed at the end of the sentence in the footnote. Example:

²³On the other hand, Charles C. Torrey thinks that the name "Cyrus" has been interpolated in Isa 45:1 ("The Messiah Son of Ephraim," *JBL* 66 [1947]: 253).

General Styling and Usage

- (1) Save for the specific instructions given below, the styling directives of *The Chicago Manual of Style*, 17th edition (Chicago & London: University of Chicago Press, 2017) should be followed (hereinafter referred to as *CMS*).
- (2) MR uses the American style of spelling rather than the British style; e.g., "color" rather than "colour." The preferred authorities on spelling are Merriam-Webster's New Collegiate Dictionary, 10th edition (Springfield, MA: Merriam-Webster, 1993) and Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language, Unabridged (Springfield, MA: G. and C. Merriam, 1967). When there is more than one common way of spelling a word, the first one listed in these authorities should be used.
- (3) Apart from direct quotations from other sources, *MR strongly recommends* that authors refrain from using the term "man" generically (including also "men," "mankind," "family of man," "brotherhood of man," etc.). Instead, *MR* recommends the use of inclusive terms (e.g., "human being," "human," "human-kind," "humanity," "people," etc.) to designate individuals and groups. Moreover, translations of texts (whether ancient or modern) should not be more gender-specific than the original texts, and the use of inclusive language for God is strongly encouraged.
- (4) *MR* follows the recommendations of *CMS* for all general abbreviations. For abbreviations of the books of the Bible, *MR* will accept either the *CMS* style or the style of *The SBL Handbook of Style for Biblical Studies and Related Disciplines*, 2nd ed. (Atlanta: SBL Press, 2014), which is preferred by most biblical scholars, so long as one style is used consistently throughout the MS.

- (5) *MR* recommends use of the abbreviations BCE ("before the common era") and CE ("in the common era"), rather than BC "before Christ" and AD (*anno Domini*, "in the year of the Lord"), to designate historical eras, but will follow an author's preferences in this regard. In either case, the abbreviations should be in small caps with no periods.
- (6) In general, *MR* follows *CMS* for capitalization of names, titles, and positions. However, contrary to *CMS*, *MR* prefers to capitalize all academic titles directly following a person's name, rather than only those titles that themselves contain a proper name (e.g., named chairs). Examples:

David Green, Franklin N. Parker Professor of Old Testament
Sally Smith, Associate Professor of Systematic Theology
[but: She serves as associate professor of systematic theology]
Dr. Ellen Jones, Dean of the Candler School of Theology; Dean Jones
Dr. James Johnson, President of the Emory University; President Johnson
[but: the president of the university, James Johnson]

(7) *MR* follows *CMS* in the capitalization of the names of ethnic and national groups and terms that relate to sexual orientation and gender identity. Examples:

African Americans [NB: without a hyphen]
American Indian tribes
Asians
the British; a British woman
Chicanos; a Chicano; a Chicana
Europeans
Hispanics; a Hispanic
Italian Americans
Jews; a Jew; Jewish ethnicity
Native Americans
lesbians; lesbian history
gay men; gays
transgender men; transgender women

(8) *MR* follows *CMS* in recommending that designations of groups of people based loosely on human skin color should generally be lower-cased unless they are part of a group's formal name or self-identification, or an author has an otherwise compelling reason to capitalize them. Examples:

black people; blacks; a black separatist movement [but: Negro, Negroes] the Black Power movement; the Black College Fund brown-skinned people [but: the Washington Redskins] white people; whites; white supremacist group [but: Caucasian, Caucasians] the White Panther Party; the White Citizens' Council

(9) MR prefers to follow the usage of *The SBL Handbook of Style*, pp. 37–52, in the capitalization of biblical and related terms. Note the following recommendations for capitalization of words referring or relating to God or Jesus:

Adonai Jehovah

Allah Jesus and his disciples*

the Almighty King

the Babe kingdom of God Christ Lamb of God

the Christ Child Logos
the Creator Lord
El the Messiah

Father Savior

God Almighty the Son of God

Godhead the Spirit [the Holy Spirit]
God in his mercy* the spirit [the human spirit]

heavenly Father Trinity
Holy Ghost trinitarian
Holy Spirit Yahweh

(10) Note the following recommendations for capitalization for derivatives of Christ, God, and related terms:

Christendom godliness the Christ-event godly

Christian God's omnipotence
Christianity Jesus' lordship
Christ like Massish

Christ-like Messiah

christological messianic hope Christology non-Christian

the fatherhood of God the Trinity; trinitarian

godlike unchristian

(11) *MR* recommends always capping the following or similar expressions when used as a title or as a euphemism for God or Jesus:

the Eternal the Holy One
the First Cause the King of Kings
the Good Shepherd the Lord of Lords
the Most High the Prince of Peace
the Omnipotent the Supreme Being

(12) *MR* recommends the following style of capitalization for names of the Bible, synonyms for the Bible, or versions of the Bible:

the Bible [but: biblical] the King James Version

the Christian scriptures the New Revised Standard Version

Codex Siniaticus Peshitta

^{*}MR prefers to lowercase personal pronouns referring to God and Jesus, but if an author insists on capping them, we will let it stand. The most important thing is consistency throughout the MS.

God's Word the scriptures; scriptural [general reference]

the Hebrew scriptures the Septuagint
the Holy Bible the Torah
Holy Scripture [as title] the Vulgate
Holy Writ [sometimes satirical] the Word of God

(13) MR recommends the following style of capitalization for parts of the Bible:

Apocrypha Matthean [writings]

the Bible [but: biblical] the miracle of the loaves and fishes

book of Genesis, etc. the Old Testament

the Decalogue the parable of the good Samaritan the Epistles the parable of the prodigal son

the Epistle to the Hebrews the Pastoral Epistles

Fourth Gospel Paul's Letters

Golden Rule the Prophets [part of the OT]

the good news the prophet Isaiah

the gospel [of Christ] the Psalms [but: a psalm; the psalmist]

the Gospels [in the NT] the Psalter

the Gospel of John the Pseudepigrapha Johannine [writings] the Second Gospel

the Last Supper the Sermon on the Mount

the Letter to the Galatians the Shema

the Lord's Prayer the Ten Commandments the Lord's Supper the Wisdom literature

Lukan [writings] the Writings

(14) *MR* recommends the following style of capitalization for biblical doctrines or historical events:

the Ascension the Flood the Atonement the Incarnation the Creation the Inquisition

the Crucifixion the Protestant Reformation the Diaspora the resurrected Christ the Exile the Resurrection

the exiled Israelites the resurrection of Christ

the Exodus the risen Christ the Fall [of humanity] the Second Coming

(15) *MR* recommends the following style of capitalization for proper names and titles in the Bible:

the Apostle of Love [John] John the Baptist

the apostle Paul the king the Baptist King Herod

the Beloved Apostle the Pharisees; Pharisaic

the Evangelist Pharaoh [as title: Pharaoh Rameses II]

Gentiles the pharaoh the good Samaritan the Sadducees

Hebrews scribes
Israelites the Twelve

(16) *MR* recommends the following style of capitalization for other Jewish and Christian terms (note that the word *church* is capitalized only when it is used in the proper name of a denomination or of a specific church building):

the apostles; apostolic church the Kingdom

baptism [general] the kingdom of God

the bishop [but: Bishop Sheen] Pentecost [event]; pentecostal [general];

the Blessed Virgin Pentecostal [movement]

Body of Christ the pope; papal [general]; Pope John Paul II

charismatic [general] postexilic

Charismatic [movement] the primitive church

Christian church [universal] Primitive Baptist Church [denom. name]

Christian Church [denom. name] Protestant Reformation
Christian education a sacrament; the sacraments
the church universal the Sacrament of Baptism

Communion; Holy Communion the Sanhedrin

the congregation seminary [but: Wesley Theological Seminary

the early church the sister [but: Sister Mary Margaret]

evangelical [general] the Social Gospel Evangelical [movement] Sunday school Fundamentalism [movement] synagogue

the Golden Rule the Temple [in Jerusalem]

the Great Commandment the Virgin Mary

United Methodist Terminology and Usage

- (1) Do not use *The Book of Discipline of The United Methodist Church* as an authority on capitalization—it should never be treated as a style sheet or usage guide.
- (2) Always capitalize the definite article *The* in The United Methodist Church when referring to the proper name of the denomination. Capitalize the names of predecessor bodies (The Methodist Episcopal Church, The Evangelical United Brethren) according to the same style. Abbreviations such as UMC do not take a capitalized *the*. Examples:

The United Methodist Church [name of the denomination]
[but: the United Methodist tradition; the United Methodist position on . . .]
the United Methodist church on Oak Street [general reference]
Epworth United Methodist Church [particular church or congregation]
Glenn Memorial UMC; the UMC

(3) Capitalize the names of general boards and agencies of The United Methodist Church and their departments, divisions, and sections; general councils; general commissions; and

committees created by the General Conference and serving The United Methodist Church as a whole. Lowercase the names of local church, district, annual conference, and jurisdictional units unless they are used as part of a proper name. When boards, commissions, or councils serving The United Methodist Church as a whole have the word *General* as a part of their official title, it should be capitalized. Examples:

annual conference [but: the Rocky Mountain Annual Conference] area [but: the Baltimore Area] bishop [but: Bishop Ken Carter] central conference [but: the West Africa Central Conference] charge conference [but: the Greenwood Charge Conference] church council [but: the Druid Hills UMC Church Council] College of Bishops [jurisdictional] conference board of evangelism [but: the Texas Conference Board of Evangelism] the Connectional Table; the Table [in subsequent references] the Council of Bishops [churchwide] Curriculum Resources Committee district [but: the Knoxville District] general secretary [but: Steve Smith, General Secretary of . . .] General Conference General Board of Global Ministries General Commission on Religion and Race General Council on Finance and Administration Judicial Council [but: the council decided . . .] jurisdiction; jurisdictional [but: the Southeastern Jurisdiction] the United Methodist Committee on Relief the Women's Division the World Methodist Council; the World Methodist Conference

(4) Capitalize the titles of official documents or publications of The United Methodist Church in either full or shortened forms. Examples:

The Book of Discipline of The United Methodist Church; the Book of Discipline; the 1996 Discipline; the Discipline [but: "the Methodist discipline" if not referring to the volume]

The United Methodist Hymnal; the Hymnal

The Book of Resolutions of The United Methodist Church; the Book of Resolutions

The Book of Worship of The United Methodist Church; the Book of Worship the Constitution of The United Methodist Church; the General Rules; the Articles of Religion; Article II

The Social Creed; "Our Social Creed" [with quotation marks when referring to the section of the *Discipline* in which the Creed appears]; our Social Principles; the Social Principles statement

the Supplement to the Book of Hymns

(5) Capitalize names of official funds and organizations authorized by General Conference. Examples:

Advance Specials Africa University Fund Black College Fund the Episcopal Fund

Interdenominational Cooperation Fund

Ministerial Education Fund

Ministers Reserve Pension Fund [NB: no apostrophe]

missional priority [NB: lowercase]

Missions Initiatives Fund

United Methodist Children's Fund for Christian Mission

United Methodist Women

United Methodist Youth Organization

University Senate

Wesley Foundation

World Service Fund; World Service [general benevolences]; World Service Special;

World Service agencies

Youth Service Fund

(6) Capitalize only proper names relating to the program of Christian education. Lowercase classes, departments, divisions, and councils of the church school unless a proper name is given. Examples:

the adult class [but: the Good Will Bible Class]

Christian Educators Fellowship (CEF)

church school [but: the Peachtree Road UMC Church School program] coordinator of children's ministries; children's coordinator; children's council

school of mission [but: the West Ohio Conference School of Mission]

Sunday school; Sunday school class

vacation Bible school (but: VBS as initials, capped)

(7) Capitalize the names of special days and weeks authorized by the General Conference as in the examples below; see the *Discipline* for others:

Christian Education Sunday
Disability Awareness Sunday
Golden Cross Sunday
Heritage Sunday
Human Relations Day
Native American Awareness Sunday
One Great Hour of Sharing
Rural Life Sunday
United Methodist Student Day
World Communion Sunday

(8) Lowercase the titles of all positions related to the church when they are used alone or separately, whether or not in conjunction with a personal name, but capitalize them when they directly precede a personal name or are part of a compound title directly following a personal name. Examples:

bishop; Sally White, our bishop
[but: Bishop Sally White; Sally White, Bishop of the Atlanta Area]
chaplain [but: Chaplain Peterson]
conference coordinator of youth ministry
deacon; deaconess
director of Christian education
the district superintendent; James Jones, our district superintendent
[but: James Jones, Superintendent of the Knoxville District]
district coordinator of children's ministries
elder
executive secretary
lay leader
local pastor, pastor [but: Pastor Brown]

The Writings of John and Charles Wesley

Wherever possible, reference to the writings of John Wesley should be made to *The Bicentennial Edition of the Works of John Wesley* (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 1984—), begun as *The Oxford Edition of the Works of John Wesley* (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1975–1983). In particular, all references to Wesley's *Journal* or *Sermons* should now be made to the Bicentennial Edition. If a particular Wesley text is not yet available in a volume of the Bicentennial Edition, other older editions or his writings may be used.

No single system of references or abbreviations will be equally suitable to all situations. Authors are therefore invited to adapt the system of abbreviations suggested below to the requirements of their particular projects, adding other abbreviations as needed and altering the details of publication to reflect the editions of particular works which they are using (e.g., the Hendrickson or Zondervan reprints of *Works* (Jackson) rather than the Baker Book House reprint), so long as consistency is maintained throughout a MS. When such adaptation is necessary, however, authors should observe the following general principles.

Sermons — References should include the sermon number according to the system used in vols. 1–4 of *Works*, the full sermon title (the short title in subsequent references), the internal section number(s), the edition used, and the volume/page number(s). In *Works*, the titles of sermons that first appeared as separate publications are given in italics to distinguish them from sermons that were first published in other works (e.g., in the *Arminian Magazine*). For the purposes of *MR*, however, this distinction should be ignored and the titles of all sermons given in quotation marks. It is helpful though not absolutely necessary to provide the dates of sermons unless the dates are relevant to a particular point or issue under discussion.

Journal and Diary Entries — References should include the date of a journal or diary entry, the internal section number(s) (if applicable) of the entry being cited, the edition used [now

normally vols. 18–24 of *Works*, rather than the older Curnock edition], and the volume/page number(s).

Letters — References should include an indication of the direction of the letters with the names of the correspondents (e.g., "Letter from John Wesley to Alexander Knox" or "Letter from Charles Wesley to John Wesley"), the date of the letter, the internal section number(s) (if applicable) of the letter being cited, the edition used, and the volume/page number(s).

Other Prose Works — References should include the full title of the work being cited (use the short title in subsequent references), the internal section number(s) (if applicable), the edition used, and the volume/page number(s). Titles of shorter works (e.g., "The Principles of a Methodist") should normally be given in quotation marks; titles of longer works (e.g., A Plain Account of Christian Perfection) should be given in italics. Dates are usually unnecessary. Citations of the Explanatory Notes Upon the Old Testament and the Explanatory Notes Upon the New Testament should be made by biblical book, chapter, and verse, since most editions of these works are not paginated.

Hymns and Other Verse — References should include the title or first line of the hymn or poem if its identity is not made clear in the main text, the hymn or poem number (if applicable), the line or verse numbers of the section cited, the title of the work and/or the edition used, and the volume/page number(s). Hymns included in the 1780 Collection of Hymns for the Use of the People Called Methodists should be cited from the edition in Works, Vol. 7. Other hymns should be cited by reference to The Poetical Works of John and Charles Wesley, ed. George Osborn, 13 vols. (London: Wesleyan-Methodist Conference, 1868–72), or to The Unpublished Poetry of Charles Wesley, ed. S T Kimbrough Jr. and Oliver A. Beckerlegge, 3 vols. (Nashville: Kingswood Books, 1988–92), or (preferably) to the original printed versions, most of which have now been made available on the website of the Duke Center for Studies in the Wesleyan Tradition: https://divinity.duke.edu/initiatives/cswt/.

Dates — MR prefers to use the day-month-year form of dates (e.g., 24 May 1738) for scholarly references but the older form of month-day-year, with the year set off by commas (e.g., May 24, 1738), is acceptable. In either case the name of the month should be given in full, rather than abbreviated, and the usage must be consistent throughout the MS. Indicate "old style" dates, where relevant, with the slash (e.g., 1711/12).

Recommended Abbreviations — Since each article in MR constitutes a separate, complete publication, full and complete bibliographic information should be given at the first citation of any work used, with short titles or abbreviations used in subsequent references. The following is a list of abbreviations that MR recommends for subsequent references to the indicated standard works.

AM [MM, WMW]

The Arminian Magazine (1778–97), continued as The Methodist Magazine (1798–1821) and subsequently as The Wesleyan Methodist Magazine (1822–1913).

Appeals

John Wesley, *The Appeals to Men of Reason and Religion, and Certain Related Open Letters*, ed. Gerald R. Cragg, Vol. 7 in *The Works of John Wesley* (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 1989).

John Wesley, A Christian Library: Consisting of Extracts from, Chr. Library and Abridgements of, the Choicest Pieces of Practical Divinity which have been Published in the English Tongue, 50 vols. (Bristol: F. Farley, 1749–55); reprinted in 30 vols. (London: T. Cordeux, 1819–27). John and Charles Wesley, A Collection of Hymns for the Use of Hymns the People Called Methodists, ed. Franz Hildebrandt and Oliver A. Beckerlegge, Vol. 7 in The Works of John Weslev (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 1989). Journal CW Charles Wesley, The Journal of the Rev. Charles Wesley, M.A., ed. Thomas Jackson, 2 vols. (London: Wesleyan-Methodist Book Room, 1849; reprinted Grand Rapids: Baker Book House, 1980). Journal & Diaries John Wesley, Journal and Diaries, ed. W. Reginald Ward and Richard P. Heitzenrater, 7 vols., Vols. 18–24 in *The Works of* John Wesley (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 1988–2006). Journal (Curnock) The Journal of the Rev. John Wesley, A.M., ed. Nehemiah Curnock, 8 vols. (London: Epworth Press, 1909–16). [NB: Should now generally be used only for specific references to Curnock's editorial notes.] Letters John Wesley, Letters, ed. Frank Baker and Ted A. Campbell, 7 vols., Vols. 25-31 in The Works of John Wesley (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1980-82; and Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2015—). John Wesley, The Letters of the Rev. John Wesley, A.M., ed. John Letters (Telford) Telford, 8 vols. (London: Epworth Press, 1931). [NB: Should now generally be used only for letters dated after 1765 that are not yet available in *Letters*.] Letters CW Charles Wesley as Revealed by His Letters, ed. Frank Baker (London: Epworth Press, 1948). John Wesley, Medical and Health Writings, ed. James G. Donat Medical & Health and Randy L. Maddox, Vol. 32 in in The Works of John Wesley (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2018). John Wesley, The Methodist Societies: The Minutes of Conference, **Minutes** ed. Henry D. Rack, Vol. 10 in The Works of John Wesley (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2011). Charles Wesley, The Manuscript Journal of the Rev. Charles Wes-MS Journal CW ley, M.A., ed. S T Kimbrough, Jr. and Kenneth G. C. Newport, 2 vols. (Nashville: Kingswood Books, 2007). NT Notes John Wesley, Explanatory Notes Upon the New Testament, 3rd corrected edition (Bristol: Graham and Pine, 1760-62; many later reprints). **OT Notes** John Wesley, Explanatory Notes Upon the Old Testament, 3 vols. (Bristol: W. Pine, 1765; reprinted Salem, OH: Schmul, 1975). Poet. Works The Poetical Works of John and Charles Wesley, ed. George Osborn, 13 vols. (London: Wesleyan-Methodist Conference,

1868–72).

The Unpublished Poetry of Charles Wesley, ed. S T Kimbrough Jr. Unpub. Poetry and Oliver A. Beckerlegge, 3 vols. (Nashville: Kingswood Books, 1988–92). Representative Verse of Charles Wesley, ed. Frank Baker (Nash-Rep. Verse ville: Abingdon Press, 1962). John Wesley, Sermons, ed. Albert C. Outler, 4 vols.; Vols. 1-4 in Sermons The Works of John Wesley (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 1984-87). Charles Wesley's Earliest Evangelical Sermons: Six Short-hand Sermons CW Manuscript Sermons now for the first time Transcribed from the Original, ed. Thomas R. Albin and Oliver A. Beckerlegge (occasional publication of the Wesley Historical Society, 1987). Societies John Wesley, The Methodist Societies: History, Nature, and Design, ed. Rupert E. Davies; Vol. 9 in The Works of John Weslev (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 1989). Survey John Wesley, A Survey of the Wisdom of God in the Creation: Or, A Compendium of Natural Philosophy, 4th rev. ed., 5 vols. (London: J. Paramore, 1784). Treatises I John Wesley, Doctrinal and Controversial Treatises I, ed. Randy L. Maddox, Vol. 12 in *The Works of John Wesley* (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2012). Treatises II John Wesley, Doctrinal and Controversial Treatises II, ed. Paul Wesley Chilcote and Kenneth J. Collins, Vol. 13 in The Works of John Wesley (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2013). Works John Wesley, The Works of John Wesley (begun as "The Oxford Edition of the Works of John Wesley" [Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1975–1983]; continued as "The Bicentennial Edition of the Works of John Wesley" [Nashville: Abingdon Press, 1984—]; 21 of 35 vols. published to date). Works (Jackson) John Wesley, The Works of the Rev. John Wesley, M.A., ed.

Thomas Jackson, 3rd ed., 14 vols. (London: Wesleyan Methodist Book Room, 1872; reprinted Grand Rapids: Baker

Book House, 1979).

Works (Pine) John Wesley, The Works of the Rev. John Wesley, M.A., 32 vols.

(Bristol: W. Pine, 1771–74).

Abbreviations for Other Key Methodist-Related Publications

ACJ/church/name/year
Annual Conference Journal/Minutes/Proceedings/Register for
Conference named; e.g., ACJ/UMC/Dakotas/1998.

The Doctrines and Discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church in
America, with Explanatory Notes by Thomas Coke and Francis Asbury (Philadelphia: Henry Tuckniss, 1798; reprint: Rutland, VT: Academy Books, 1979).

Bangs, History Nathan Bangs, A History of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 12th

ed., 4 vols. (New York: Carlton & Porter, 1860).

Baker, Discipline Osmon C. Baker, A Guide-Book in the Administration of the Discipline of The Methodist Episcopal Church (New York: Carlton & Porter, 1855) Behney/Eller, History J. Bruce Behney & Paul H. Eller, The History of the Evangelical United Brethren Church, ed. Kenneth W. Krueger (Nashville: Abingdon, 1979). David H. Bradley, A History of the A.M.E. Zion Church, 2 vols. Bradley, AMEZ History (Nashville: A.M.E. Zion Publishing House, 1956–60). Bucke, HAM Emory S. Bucke, ed., *The History of American Methodism*, 3 vols. (New York & Nashville: Abingdon, 1964). Buckley, History James M. Buckley, Constitutional and Parliamentary History of the Methodist Episcopal Church (New York: The Methodist Book Concern, 1912). Catechism/church Official catechisms for denomination named, with their year of first publication; e.g. Catechism/WMC (Gbr) 1817 Curts, General Conferences The General Conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church From 1792–1896, edited by Lewis Curts (Cincinnati: Curts & Jennings, 1900). Davies/Rupp, History Rupert Davies & Gordon Rupp, eds. A History of the Methodist Church in Great Britain, 4 vols. (London: Epworth Press, 1975-87). DCA/church Daily Christian Advocate for denomination named (publishes daily proceedings for General Conferences). Dickerson, AME History Dickerson, Dennis C. The African Methodist Episcopal Church: A History (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2020). Discipline/church The book of discipline (slightly varying names) for denomination named, with year specified; e.g., Discipline/UMC 1996 Robert Emory, History of the Discipline of the Methodist Episco-Emory, Discipline pal Church, rev. W. P. Strickland (New York: Carlton & Porter [1857]). Gregg, AME History Howard D. Gregg, History of the African Methodist Episcopal Church: The Black Church in Action (Nashville: A.M.E. Church Sunday School Union, 1980). Nolan B. Harmon, ed., The Encyclopedia of World Methodism; Harmon, EWM sponsored by the World Methodist Council and the Commission on Archives and History, UMC; 2 vols. (Nashville: The United Methodist Publishing House, 1974). Nolan B. Harmon, The Rites and Ritual of Episcopal Methodism Harmon, Ritual (Nashville: Publishing House of the M. E. Church, South, 1926) Richard P. Heitzenrater, Wesley and the People Called Methodists, Heitzenrater, W&PCM 2nd ed. (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2013). Hymnal/church Official hymnals for denomination named, with their year of first publication; e.g., Hymnal/AME 1984. The Journal and Letters of Francis Asbury, ed. Elmer T. Clark, 3 *JLFA* vols. (London: Epworth, and Nashville: Abingdon, 1958). Refers to the Journal of the General Conference of the Methodist IGC/MEC Episcopal Church for the year indicated. Includes citations

& Phillips, 1856). Vol. 1, 1796-1836; Vol. 2, 1840-1844; Vol. 3, 1848-1856. **JGC/MECS** Refers to the Journal of the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South for the year indicated. Includes citations from Journals of the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, held 1846 and 1850 (Richmond: Published by John Early for the Methodist Episcopal Church, South). *IGC/MPC* Refers to the Journal of the ... General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church for the year indicated. Lakey, CME History Othal L. Lakey, *The History of the C.M.E. Church*, revised ed. (Memphis, TN: The C.M.E. Publishing House, 1996). Lee, Short History Jesse Lee, A Short History of the Methodists (Baltimore, 1810; Rutland, VT: Academy Books, 1974). McTyeire, History Holland N. McTyeire, A History of Methodism (Nashville: Publishing House of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, 1904) Mathews, *Slavery* Donald G. Mathews, Slavery and Methodism (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1965). Rex D. Matthews, Timetables of History for Students of American Matthews, Timetables Methodism (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2007). McTyeire, Discipline Holland N. McTyeire, A Manual of the Discipline of The Methodist Episcopal Church, South (Nashville: Publishing House of The Methodist Episcopal Church, South, 1871) S. M. Merrill, A Digest of Methodist Law; Or, Helps in the Admin-Merrill, Discipline istration of the Discipline of The Methodist Episcopal Church, ed. R. J. Cooke (Cincinnati: Jennings & Graham, and New York: Eaton & Mains, 1908) Minutes of the Methodist Conferences, from the First, held in Lon-Minutes (British) don, by the Late Rev. John Wesley, A.M., in the Year 1744 (London: Thomas Cordeaux, Agent, 1791–1836; London: John Mason, 1862). Annual or General Minutes however titled and aggregated. Refer-Minutes/church/year ence for the early years of the MEC is to Minutes of the Annual Conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church for the Years 1773-1828 (New York: T. Mason and G. Lane, 1840) unless alternative edition indicated. E.g. reference for 1784 in Minutes of the Methodist Conferences, Annually Held in America; From 1773 to 1813, Inclusive (New York: Published by Daniel Hitt & Thomas Ware for the Methodist Connexion in The United States, 1813) as Minutes/MEC/1784 (1813), p. Minutes MEC (1784) Minutes of Several Conversations between the Rev. Thomas Coke,

from Journals of the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 1796–1856, 3 vols. (New York: Carlton

LL.D., The Rev. Francis Asbury and others, At a Conference, Begun in Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, on Monday, the 27th of December, in the Year 1784. Composing a Form of

	Discipline for the Ministers, Preachers and Other Members of the Methodist Episcopal Church in America (Philadelphia: Charles Cist, 1785)
Minutes MEC (1813)	Minutes of the Methodist Conferences, Annually Held in America; From 1773 to 1813, Inclusive (New York: Published by Daniel Hitt & Thomas Ware for the Methodist Connexion in The United States, 1813).
Minutes MEC (1840)	Minutes of the Annual Conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church for the Years 1773-1828 (New York: T. Mason and G. Lane, 1840).
Neely, Bishops	Thomas B. Neely, <i>The Bishops and the Supervisional System of the Methodist Episcopal Church</i> (New York: Eaton & Mains, 1912).
Neely, Conference	Thomas B. Neely, A History of the Origin and Development of the Governing Conference in Methodism, and Especially of the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church (Cincinnati: Curts & Jennings, 1892).
Neely, Missions	Thomas B. Neely, <i>The Methodist Episcopal Church and Its Foreign Missions</i> (New York: The Methodist Book Concern, 1923).
Organization MECS	History of the Organization of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, with the Journal of its First General Conference (Nashville: Publishing House of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, 1925).
Outler, John Wesley	Albert C. Outler, ed., <i>John Wesley</i> (New York: Oxford University Press, 1964).
Peterson, Revisions	P. A. Peterson, <i>History of the Revisions of the Discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South</i> (Nashville: Publishing House of the M. E. Church, South, 1889).
Porter, Compendium	James Porter, A Compendium of Methodism: Embracing the History and Present Condition of its Various Branches in All Countries; with a Defence of its Doctrinal, Governmental, and Prudential Peculiarities (New York: Nelson & Phillips, 1851)
Redford, History MECS	A. H. Redford, <i>History of the Organization of the Methodist Episcopal Church</i> , <i>South</i> (Nashville: A. H. Redford, for the M.E. Church, South, 1871).
Richey, Conference	Russell E. Richey, <i>The Methodist Conference in America</i> (Nashville: Kingswood Books, 1996).
Richey, MEA 1	Russell E. Richey, Kenneth E. Rowe, and Jean Miller Schmidt, (<i>The Methodist Experience in America</i> , Volume 1: <i>A History</i> (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 2010)
Richey, MEA 2	Russell E. Richey, Kenneth E. Rowe, and Jean Miller Schmidt, eds., <i>The Methodist Experience in America</i> , Volume 2: <i>A Source-book</i> (Nashville: Abingdon Press, 1996)
Richey, Perspectives	Russell E. Richey, Kenneth E. Rowe, and Jean Miller Schmidt, eds., <i>Perspectives on American Methodism</i> (Nashville: Kingswood Books, 1993).

Reports of the Committee on the Judiciary of the General Confer-Sanford, *Judiciary* ence of the Methodist Episcopal Church, with Rulings by the Board of Bishops, compiled under the authority of the General Conference by Arthur Benton Sanford (New York & Cincinnati: The Methodist Book Concern, 1924) Semple, Dominion Neil Semple, The Lord's Dominion: The History of Canadian Methodism (Montreal: McGill-Queen's University Press, Schmidt, Women Jean Miller Schmidt, Grace Sufficient: A History of Women in American Methodism, 1760–1939 (Nashville: Abingdon Press, Sherman, Revisions David Sherman, History of the Revisions of the Discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church (New York: Nelson & Phillips, Simpson, Cyclopaedia Matthew Simpson, Cyclopaedia of Methodism. Embracing Sketches of its Rise, Progress, and Present Condition with Biographical Notices and Numerous Illustrations, 4th rev. ed. (Philadelphia: Louis H. Everts, 1881). William Warren Sweet, ed., Religion on the American Frontier, Sweet, Methodists 1783-1840: The Methodists, A Collection of Source Materials (New York: Cooper Square [1964]; reprint of 1946 edition). Ino. J. Tigert, A Constitutional History of American Episcopal Tigert, History Methodism, 3rd ed., revised and enlarged (Nashville: Publishing House of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, 1908). Ino. J. Tigert, The Making of Methodism: Studies in the Genesis of Tigert, Methodism Institutions (Nashville: Publishing House of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, 1898). Joint Commission on Unification of The Methodist Episcopal Unification Church, South and The Methodist Episcopal Church, 3 vols. (Nashville: Publishing House Methodist Episcopal Church, South; and New York: The Methodist Book Concern, 1918-20). Walls, AMEZ William J. Walls, The African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church (Charlotte, NC: A.M.E. Zion Publishing House, 1974). Yearbook/church Yearbook for denomination named, with year specified; e.g., Yearbook/ AMEZC 1996. Charles Wallace Jr., ed., Susanna Wesley: The Complete Writings Wallace, Writings SW (New York: Oxford University Press, 1997).

Abbreviations for Denominations

AMEC
The African Methodist Episcopal Church (1816—)
The African Methodist Episcopal Church Zion (1821—)
The Christian Methodist Episcopal Church (after 1954; originally the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church, 1870–1954)
CN
The Church of the Nazarene (1907—)
EA
The Evangelical Association/Church (1807/1816–1922)

EC The Evangelical Church (1922–1946)

EUBC The Evangelical United Brethren Church (1946–1968)

FMC The Free Methodist Church (1860—)

MC The Methodist Church (in the US, 1939–1968)
MC [UK] The Methodist Church (in the UK, 1932–)
MCA Methodist Church in Australasia (1902–1977)
MCC The Methodist Church, Canada (1874–1925)

MCCA Methodist Church of the Caribbean and the Americas (1967—)

MCI Methodist Church in Ireland (1878–)

MCNZ The Methodist Church of New Zealand/Te Haahi Weteriana o

Aotearoa (1913—)

MEC The Methodist Episcopal Church (1784–1939)

MECC Methodist Episcopal Church of Canada (1834–1884)
MECS The Methodist Episcopal Church, South (1844–1939)
MNC Methodist New Connexion (in the UK, 1797–1907)
MPC The Methodist Protestant Church (1830–1939)
PHC The Pilgrim Holiness Church (1922–1968)

PM Primitive Methodism/Primitive Methodist(s) (primarily in the UK

after 1811, but also in Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and

elsewhere)

PMC Primitive Methodist Church (in the UK after 1902; originally

Primitive Methodist Connexion, 1811)

PMCUSA Primitive Methodist Church in the USA (after 1889)

SA The Salvation Army (1865–)

UAMEC Union American Methodist Episcopal Church (after 1865; origi-

nally part of the Union Church of Africans, 1813–1865)

UBC The United Brethren Church, or Church of the United Brethren

(1800-1946)

UEC The United Evangelical Church (1891–1922)
UMC The United Methodist Church, USA (1968–)
UMC [UK] United Methodist Church (in the UK, 1907–1932)

UMFC United Methodist Free Churches (in the UK, 1857–1907)

WC The Wesleyan Church (1968–)

WM Wesleyan Methodism/Wesleyan Methodist(s) (primarily in the

UK, 1797-1891, but also in Canada, Australia, New Zea-

land, and elsewhere)

WMC Wesleyan Methodist Church (in the US, 1947–1968; originally

the Wesleyan Methodist Connection, 1843–1947)

WMC [UK] Wesleyan Methodist Church (in the UK, 1891–1932)
WMCC Wesleyan Methodist Church of Canada (1833–1874)

Abbreviations for Denominational Periodical and Journals

AM The Arminian Magazine (Wesley and WMC [UK], 1778–97)
AM (BC) The Arminian Magazine (Arminian Bible Christians, 1822–)

AM (P) The Arminian Magazine (Philadelphia, 1789–90)

AMECR A.M.E. Church Review

AMEZOR A.M.E. Zion Quarterly Review

CA Christian Advocate, New York (MEC)

CAp Christliche Apologete (MEC)
CBot Christliche Botschäfter (EA)

CCA Central Christian Advocate. (MEC, African American edition)

ChQ Church Quarterly (WMC [UK])

CI Christian Index (CMEC)
CR Christian Recorder (AMEC)
EpRe The Epworth Review (MC [UK])

EvThe Evangelical (EA)EMEvangelical Messenger (EA)HeraldHerald of Holiness / Herald (CN)

L&L Light and Life (FMC)

LQHR London Quarterly and Holburn Review (WMC [UK], MC [UK])
MPR Refers to quarterly journal of MPC under its fluctuating names

(Methodist Recorder, Methodist Protestant, Methodist

Protestant-Recorder)

MQR Refers to quarterly theological journal of the MEC under its fluc-

tuating names (Methodist Magazine, Methodist Review, Meth-

odist Quarterly Review)

MORS Refers to Methodist Quarterly Review of the MECS

MRec Methodist Recorder (MC [UK]) NCA Nashville Christian Advocate (MECS) NWCA Northwestern Christian Advocate (MEC)

QR
RelLife
Religion in Life (MC, UMC)
RT
Religious Telescope (UBC)
SZ
Star of Zion (AMEZ)

UBOR United Brethren Quarterly Review (UBC)

WA Wesleyan Advocate (WC)

WCA Western Christian Advocate (MEC)

WMM Refers to quarterly theological journal of WMC [UK] under title

The Methodist Magazine (1798–1821) and The Wesleyan

Methodist Magazine (1822–1913).

ZH Zion's Herald (MEC)

Abbreviations for Scholarly Journals

AsbSem The Asbury Seminarian

AsbTJ The Asbury Theological Journal
BJRL Bulletin of the John Rylands Library

DGW The Drew Gateway

DDSB The Duke Divinity School Bulletin
DDSR The Duke Divinity School Review

EvJo Evangelical Journal
MH Methodist History
MR Methodist Review

PCWS Proceedings of the Charles Wesley Society
PSTJ The Perkins School of Theology Journal
PWHS Proceedings of the Wesley Historical Society

TFor Teologisk Forum

WQR Wesleyan Quarterly Review WTJ Wesleyan Theological Journal

Other Wesleyan and Methodist Literature

For further guidance in Wesleyan and Methodist literature, see *United Methodist Studies: Basic Bibliographies*, 5th ed., compiled and edited by Christopher J. Anderson and Kenneth E. Rowe (Nashville: General Board of Higher Education and Ministry, UMC, 2009), which can be found online here: www.drew.edu/wp-content/uploads/sites/70/UM Biblio 5th ed.pdf.

Other Bibliographical References, Notes, and Citations

- (1) All bibliographic references, notes, and citations should follow the recommendations of *CMS* except as otherwise noted in this document. Full and complete bibliographic information should be given at the first citation of any work used, with short titles or abbreviations used in subsequent references.
- (2) When a volume number and page numbers come together in a citation, the abbreviations vol. and p. (pp.) are omitted and a colon separates the numbers, although vol. is used when the volume number stands alone in a citation. A comma *should not* be used after an abbreviation (or short title) when it is directly followed by a volume number and page number(s). A comma *should* be used when only page numbers follow an abbreviation (or short title). Examples:

Sermon 127, "On the Wedding Garment," Works 4:139–48.

Luke L. Tyerman, *The Life and Times of the Rev. John Wesley, M.A.*, 3 vols. (London: Hodder & Stoughton, 1870), 3:17–39.

Tyerman, The Life and Times of John Wesley 3:17–39.

Southey, The Life of Wesley, vol. 2.

Heitzenrater, Wesley and the People Called Methodists, 106-24.

(3) In the citation of journal articles, a space should be used after the colon following the date. Examples:

Frank Baker, "John Wesley and Practical Divinity," Wesleyan Theological Journal 22/1 (1987): 7–15,

Ted A. Campbell, "Christian Tradition, John Wesley, and Evangelicalism," *Anglican Theological Review* 74/1 (Winter 1992): 54–76.

(4) Use v. (vv.), and p. (pp.) only when they are needed to avoid ambiguity. Use "line(s)" instead of *l.* (*ll.*) to avoid typographic confusion. Examples:

Rep. Verse, #139, vv. 5–12, p. 193. "Hymns on the Trinity," #109, lines 1–12, *Poet. Works* 7:280.

(5) The use of f. (ff.), as in the first example below, is discouraged; the use of inclusive page numbers, as in the second example below, is generally preferable:

Maddox, *Responsible Grace*, 182 ff. Maddox, *Responsible Grace*, 182–99.

- (6) The proper form for inclusive page numbers is illustrated by the following sequences: 3–17, 33–36, 100–103, 104–7, 109–12, 124–28, 192–229, 200–207, 209–36, 312–27.
- (7) Any use of n. (nn.) in a citation should be preceded by the page on which the note appears, and there should be a space after the period of the abbreviation. Examples:

Rack, *Reasonable Enthusiast*, 145–57, 581 n. 51 [an endnote]. Tyerman, *The Life and Times of John Wesley* 3:129 nn. 23 and 24 [footnotes].

- (8) *MR* generally discourages use of "scholarly" Latin terms or abbreviations such as q.v., s.l., et seq., supra, infra, passim, and the like; when used, they should be in roman type, not in italics. In particular, avoid the use of op. cit. and loc. cit.; instead, use the abbreviation or short title of the work cited with the volume/page numbers. Do not use idem; instead, repeat the author's last name, using initials or first name if necessary (e.g., to distinguish two authors named Smith), with the short title.
- (9) The abbreviation ibid. (which *should not* be italicized, and is capitalized only when it begins a note or sentence) takes the place of the author's name, the title of the work, and as much of the following information as is identical to the note immediately preceding.
- (10) Be careful not to confuse i.e. (*id est*, "that is") with e.g. (*exempli gratia*, "for example"). Do not use cf. (*confer*, "compare") as a synonym for "see" or "see also"; the former implies a specific textual comparison or parallel, the latter a more general reference.
- (11) MR prefers to use the day-month-year form of dates (e.g., 24 May 1738) for scholarly references but the older form of month-day-year, with the year set off by commas (e.g., May 24, 1738), is acceptable. In either case the name of the month should generally be given in full, not abbreviated, and the usage must be consistent throughout the MS.
- (12) *MR* prefers to use the two-letter postal abbreviations for states, rather than the older forms of abbreviation; e.g., MA rather than Mass., CA rather than Calif., TN rather than Tenn.

Versions of the Bible

MR recommends that authors use the New Revised Standard Version (NRSV) of the Bible unless there is particular reason to use another version. Whenever another version is used, the use should be clearly indicated at each quotation by the standard abbreviations:

GNB	The Good News Bible: Today's English Version [NB: not TEV]
JB	The Jerusalem Bible
KJV	The King James Version of the Bible [NB: not italicized]
NASB	The New American Standard Bible
NEB	The New English Bible
NIV	The Holy Bible: New International Version
NJB	The New Jerusalem Bible
NRSV	The New Revised Standard Version of the Bible [NB: not italicized]
REB	The Revised English Bible
RSV	The Revised Standard Version of the Bible [NB: not italicized]

NB: If you prefer to use your own translation directly from the original Hebrew or Greek texts, please consult with the *MR* editorial office about ways to indicate this in your MS.

Foreign Languages, Ancient and Modern

- (1) Unless there is a particularly scholarly reason to the contrary, Hebrew, Aramaic, or Greek words or phrases should be transliterated. *MR* strongly recommends that authors use the transliteration systems given in *The SBL Handbook of Style*, §\$5.1-9.
- (2) In certain circumstances authors may judge it necessary to reproduce Hebrew, Aramaic, or Greek words or phrases in the original characters. In such cases the unpointed consonantal text of Hebrew or Aramaic should normally be used. Greek words or phrases may be reproduced without accents or breathing marks if this does not affect their meaning in the context of the article.
- (3) To ensure proper font conversion from an author's text files to our typesetting system, *MR* very strongly encourages authors to use the biblical language fonts developed by the Society of Biblical Literature, which are available for free download here: http://www.sbl-site.org/educational/biblicalfonts.aspx.
 - Greek: use the SBL Greek font (or if necessary the legacy SP Ionic font)
 - Hebrew: use the SBL Hebrew font (or if necessary the legacy SP Tiberian font)
 - Coptic: use the legacy SP Achmim font
 - Syriac: use the legacy SP Edessa font
 - Transliteration: use the SBL BibLit font (or if necessary legacy SP Atlantis font)

Authors are requested to consult in advance with the MR editorial office about font issues involving other languages using non-roman characters, e.g. Ethiopic, Cyrillic, etc. We strongly prefer the use of OpenType fonts wherever possible.

(4) An English translation should normally accompany at least the first use of any Hebrew, Aramaic, or Greek word or phrase, whether transliterated or in original characters. If the first use comes in a direct quotation and no translation is provided by the original, authors may wish to provide the translation in the footnote referencing the quotation.

- (5) MR recommends that authors provide English translations of Latin theological terms or expressions even if they are relatively common or well-known (e.g., cuius regio, eius religio; simul justis et peccator; fides caritate formata) to ensure that there is no confusion about their meaning on the part of readers.
- (6) *MR* recommends that authors provide English translations of quotations from works published in other languages (e.g., German, French, Spanish, etc.) as a courtesy to readers.
- (7) When important works first appearing in another language have been translated and published in English-language editions, *MR* recommends that authors use quotations from and provide citations to the published English translations.

Citations and Abbreviations of Ancient Texts

See *The SBL Handbook of Style*, §§8.1–8.3 for recommended forms of citation and abbreviation of texts from the ancient world.

Other Abbreviations and References

See CMS, pp. 571–616, supplemented by The SBL Handbook of Style, §8.4, for recommended forms of abbreviation of commonly used periodicals, reference works, and serials that are not specifically mentioned in this document. Titles not found in the lists in these works should be written out in full.

Recommended Reference Works

- Sheridan Baker, *The Practical Stylist, with Readings and Handbook*, 8th edition (New York: Longman, 1998).
- Theodore M. Bernstein, Miss Thistlebottom's Hobgoblins: The Careful Writer's Guide to the Taboos, Bugbears, and Outmoded Rules of English Usage, rev. ed. (New York: Centro Books, 2006).
- R. W. Burchfield, ed., *The New Fowler's Modern English Usage*, 3rd edition (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1996).
- The Chicago Manual of Style, 17th edition (Chicago & London: University of Chicago Press, 2017)
- William Germano, Getting It Published: A Guide for Scholars and Anyone Else Serious about Serious Books (Chicago: Univ.of Chicago Press, 2001).
- E. W. Gilman, ed., Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage (Springfield, MA: Merriam-Webster, Inc., 1994).
- Charles Lipson, Doing Honest Work in College: How to Prepare Citations, Avoid Plagiarism, and Achieve Real Academic Success (Chicago: Univ. of Chicago Press, 2004).
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